

<b>Product name:</b>	NOS2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Cat number:</b>	ABN14803
<b>Conjugate:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Size:</b>	100µL
<b>Clone:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Host:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Immunogen:</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human iNOS. AA range:117-166
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Applications:</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	131kDa
<b>Purification:</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Form:</b>	Liquid
<b>Buffer:</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Background:**

Nitric oxide is a reactive free radical which acts as a biologic mediator in several processes, including neurotransmission and antimicrobial and antitumoral activities. This gene encodes a nitric oxide synthase which is expressed in liver and is inducible by a combination of lipopolysaccharide and certain cytokines. Three related pseudogenes are located within the Smith-Magenis syndrome region on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:L-arginine + n NADPH + n H(+) + m O(2) = citrulline + nitric oxide + n NADP(+),cofactor: Binds 1 FAD.,cofactor: Binds 1 FMN.,cofactor: Heme group.,cofactor: Tetrahydrobiopterin (BH4). May stabilize the dimeric form of the enzyme.,enzyme regulation: Regulated by calcium/calmodulin. Aspirin inhibits expression and function of this enzyme and effects may be exerted at the level of translational/post-translational modification and directly on the catalytic activity.,function: Produces nitric oxide (NO) which is a messenger molecule with diverse functions throughout the body. In macrophages, NO mediates tumoricidal and bactericidal actions.,induction: By endotoxins and cytokines.,online information: Nitric oxide synthase entry,similarity: Belongs to the NOS family.,similarity: Contains 1 FAD-binding FR-type domain.,similarity: Contains 1 flavodoxin-like domain.,subunit: Homodimer. Binds SLC9A3R1.,tissue specificity: Expressed in the liver, retina, bone cells and airway epithelial cells of the lung. Not expressed in the platelets.,