

<b>Product name:</b>	NOS3 (phospho Ser1177) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Cat number:</b>	ABN05122
<b>Conjugate:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Size:</b>	100µL
<b>Clone:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Host:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Immunogen:</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human eNOS around the phosphorylation site of Ser1176. AA range:1144-1193
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Applications:</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000,ICC/IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	130-140kDa
<b>Purification:</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Form:</b>	Liquid
<b>Buffer:</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Background:**

Nitric oxide is a reactive free radical which acts as a biologic mediator in several processes, including neurotransmission and antimicrobial and antitumoral activities. Nitric oxide is synthesized from L-arginine by nitric oxide synthases. Variations in this gene are associated with susceptibility to coronary spasm. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009],catalytic activity:L-arginine + n NADPH + n H(+) + m O(2) = citrulline + nitric oxide + n NADP(+),cofactor: Binds 1 FAD.,cofactor: Binds 1 FMN.,cofactor: Heme group.,cofactor: Tetrahydrobiopterin (BH4). May stabilize the dimeric form of the enzyme.,enzyme regulation: Stimulated by calcium/calmodulin. Inhibited by NOSIP and NOSTRIN.,function: Produces nitric oxide (NO) which is implicated in vascular smooth muscle relaxation through a cGMP-mediated signal transduction pathway. NO mediates vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-induced angiogenesis in coronary vessels and promotes blood clotting through the activation of platelets.,online information: Nitric oxide synthase entry,polymorphism: Variation in NOS3 seem to be associated with susceptibility to coronary spasm.,similarity: Belongs to the NOS family.,similarity: Contains 1 FAD-binding FR-type domain.,similarity: Contains 1 flavodoxin-like domain.,subcellular location: Specifically associates with actin cytoskeleton in the G2 phase of the cell cycle; which is favored by interaction with NOSIP and results in a reduced enzymatic activity.,subunit: Homodimer. Interacts with NOSIP and NOSTRIN.,tissue specificity: Platelets, placenta, liver and kidney.,